

1. Evolution of Money

- 1. What was used before money for trade?
 - a) Gold coins
 - b) Barter system
 - c) Credit cards

Answer: b) Barter system

- 2. What is an example of the barter system?
 - a) Trading apples for oranges
 - b) Buying apples with coins
 - c) Using credit cards to buy apples
 - Answer: a) Trading apples for oranges
- 3. Why was the barter system replaced by money?
 - a) It was hard to carry goods for trade
 - b) Everyone wanted gold coins
 - c) It worked perfectly without any problems
 - Answer: a) It was hard to carry goods for trade
- 4. Which of these is a digital payment method?
 - a) Credit card
 - b) Barter system
 - c) Coin exchange
 - Answer: a) Credit card
- 5. What does currency represent in an economy?
 - a) Wealth and value of goods and services
 - b) A way to get free things
 - c) Only paper notes

Answer: a) Wealth and value of goods and services

2. Advanced Banking Concepts

- 6. What is a fixed deposit account?
 - a) A long-term saving account that earns higher interest
 - b) A regular account for daily expenses
 - c) A loan account

Answer: a) A long-term saving account that earns higher interest

- 7. How do banks earn money?
 - a) By giving loans and charging interest
 - b) By giving free money to customers
 - c) By selling goods in markets
 - Answer: a) By giving loans and charging interest
- 8. What is the role of the Bank of Canada (BOC) in Canada?a) To print and manage the country's money supplyb) To trade goods in local marketsc) To build new houses
 - Answer: a) To print and manage the country's money supply
- 9. Why is online banking popular?
 - a) It allows transactions anytime, anywhere
 - b) It only works during bank hours
 - c) It uses paper forms for every transaction
 - Answer: a) It allows transactions anytime, anywhere
- 10. What should you never share while online banking?
 - a) Your account password
 - b) Your bank's address
 - c) Your ATM card

Answer: a) Your account password

3. Commerce and Trade Basics

- 11. What does "trade" mean?
 - a) Buying and selling goods and services
 - b) Saving money in banks
 - c) Taking money from others
 - Answer: a) Buying and selling goods and services
- 12. Why is transportation important in commerce?
 - a) To deliver goods to consumers
 - b) To make goods more expensive
 - c) To stop trade between countries

Answer: a) To deliver goods to consumers

- 13. What is an example of international trade?
 - a) Bangladesh selling clothes to another country
 - b) A local farmer selling vegetables in his village
 - c) A student buying candy from a shop
 - Answer: a) Bangladesh selling clothes to another country
- 14. What is supply in commerce?
 - a) The availability of goods
 - b) The price of goods
 - c) The money spent on goods

Answer: a) The availability of goods

- 15. What is an example of e-commerce?
 - a) Buying clothes online
 - b) Shopping in a local market
 - c) Trading goods without money

Answer: a) Buying clothes online

4. Financial Literacy Skills

- 16. What is the first step in budgeting?
 - a) Planning income and expenses
 - b) Spending money on wants
 - c) Avoiding savings

Answer: a) Planning income and expenses

- 17. Why is saving important?
 - a) To prepare for future needs and emergencies
 - b) To spend all money at once
 - c) To avoid budgeting
 - Answer: a) To prepare for future needs and emergencies
- 18. What is a smart spending decision?
 - a) Buying things you need before things you want
 - b) Spending all your money on toys
 - c) Giving money away for no reason
 - Answer: a) Buying things you need before things you want
- 19. What is an example of investing?
 - a) Putting money in a savings account to earn interest
 - b) Spending money on chocolates
 - c) Taking out a loan
 - Answer: a) Putting money in a savings account to earn interest
- 20. What does a budget help you do?
 - a) Manage income and expenses wisely
 - b) Spend without limits
 - c) Avoid saving money
 - Answer: a) Manage income and expenses wisely

5. Introduction to Taxes

- 21. Why does the government collect taxes?
 - a) To build roads, schools, and hospitals
 - b) To give free toys to everyone
 - c) To stop people from saving

Answer: a) To build roads, schools, and hospitals

- 22. What is an example of tax money usage?
 - a) Building a public park
 - b) Buying gifts for leaders
 - c) Paying for personal expenses
 - **Answer:** a) Building a public park
- 23. Which is NOT a type of tax?
 - a) Income tax
 - b) Toy tax
 - c) Sales tax
 - Answer: b) Toy tax
- 24. What happens if people do not pay taxes?
 - a) The government may not have enough funds for public services
 - b) People get free money
 - c) There will be no impact on the economy
 - Answer: a) The government may not have enough funds for public services
- 25. What does sales tax apply to?
 - a) Goods and services bought by consumers
 - b) People's savings in banks
 - c) Borrowed money

Answer: a) Goods and services bought by consumers

6. Financial Safety and Ethics

- 26. What should you do if you receive a suspicious call asking for your bank details?
 - a) Ignore or report it to an adult
 - b) Share all your details
 - c) Call them back later

Answer: a) Ignore or report it to an adult

- 27. Why is honesty important in financial dealings?
 - a) It builds trust between people
 - b) It leads to stealing money
 - c) It reduces savings

Answer: a) It builds trust between people

- 28. What is an example of financial safety?
 - a) Keeping your passwords private
 - b) Sharing your bank account number with strangers
 - c) Leaving your ATM card unattended
 - Answer: a) Keeping your passwords private
- 29. Why should you report financial scams?
 - a) To protect yourself and others from fraud
 - b) To get free money
 - c) To avoid using banks

Answer: a) To protect yourself and others from fraud

- 30. What is the best way to protect your money online?
 - a) Use strong passwords and avoid suspicious links
 - b) Share your details with friends
 - c) Save your password on public devices
 - **Answer:** a) Use strong passwords and avoid suspicious links